

ELECTION VALID, HOLD MEXICANS

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE

reopened by Mr. O'Shaughnessy with Foreign Minister Madero was denounced at the embassy as an absolute fake.

Editor Apologizes to Envoys.
The clerical paper, El Pais, in an editorial this morning ridiculed Mr. O'Shaughnessy because he had requested that the Supreme Court render a decision in a case before the court for a long time, in which Thomas Coleman, an American claimant to certain oil lands, is interested.

Foreign Minister Madero was greatly incensed over the attack on O'Shaughnessy, and rebuked the editor of El Pais. Tonight an apology was forthcoming.

Coleman Claims He Is Deprived of His Rights.

Coleman claims he is deprived of his rights and title to the island of Potrero, near Turpan, through a concession granted by the Federal government to the oil fields of Mexico Company, a concern controlled by the Pearsons.

Pearson Properties Seized.

The manager of the Pearson syndicate here received a telegram tonight from Gen. Aguilar, the rebel commander at Turpan, informing him that this rebel has seized the Pearson properties, including El Potrero, the greatest oil producer in the world. The rebel general demanded that the manager go at once to Turpan to arrange terms for the surrender of the property. The rebel communication was ignored.

The managers of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company today instructed their manager in Monterey to refuse payment of the \$20,000 pesos demanded by the Federal military authorities as the price of military protection. The manager was instructed to invoke the protection of the American Consul.

Gen. Aguilar, in his message to the Pearsons, threatens to cut off the supply of oil fuel for the oil fields. This would be to cut off the road, as there is no other source of fuel.

He also demands that all foreigners employed by the Pearsons in the oil fields be removed at once, in order to avoid possible international complications.

Possibility of Landing

Of Marines by the U. S.

Now Far from Remote

With the revolutionary forces closing in around Turpan and Tampico where are stored 17,000,000 barrels of oil belonging to English and American interests, the possibility of the landing of armed forces from American warships is far from remote. In fact, the situation, which centers around the rich oil fields of Turpan district, is more fraught with danger than the Mexican situation has developed since John Lind reached the Capital for the first time.

Under the principal leaders of the cause, the Constitutionalists are concentrating their forces in this district. Their purpose is twofold—they are anxious to obtain a port through which they may escape the restrictions of the American embargo and they are anxious to cut the Federal forces off from the oil with which they have been running their railways.

Both Sides Warned.

Through our consular officers, both sides have been warned that this government will expect protection for the lives and property of foreigners. But that this warning will have a strong restraining effect upon the activities of the rebels is hardly to be expected, although the State Department yesterday received positive assurance from Gen. Aguilar, commanding the principal force of rebels in the vicinity of the oil properties, that this protection would be accorded. The message, forwarded by Admiral Fletcher, was as follows:

"I am governing on a constitutional basis, my attitude being to guarantee the interests of all foreign and domestic oil corporations existing in the territory I occupy, fulfilling in this manner the demands of civilization, and not being governed by caprice or vengeance."

The potentialities for wholesale loss of life and property in the oil district were pointed out yesterday by a high official in the Navy Department. In Turpan and Tampico are huge wells, into which oil is piped from the fields and stored. There are between 17,000,000 and 20,000,000 barrels in these wells. The top of each well is covered by a huge cap, against which there is a pressure from within of about 600 pounds. The removal of the cap means the spouting forth of hundreds of feet of the oil.

Opportunity for Vandalism.

This situation offers one of the richest opportunities for spectacular vandalism imaginable. The rebel forces, at least, are undisciplined and given to looting. They move on these two towns after two signal victories against Federal forces. Moreover, they move to a district where the interests are largely British, and Great Britain has been the most ardent foreign supporter of Huerta. To remove the caps from these wells is to land a blow at the British Empire. Moreover, to turn these gushers into liquid fire would be even easier, and there is enough oil there to burn up the entire countryside and substitute fire for water in the rivers.

This is the situation that has brought from residents in the Turpan and Tampico districts almost frenzied appeals for protection. Lord Cowdray, of England, who has the most extensive individual interests there, has wired the State Department, pleading for protection for his people. The British warships, which were expected there last night, were dispatched because of this emergency.

Intervention Not Expected.

Such action could not be construed as armed intervention. It would not meet with resistance from the Federal army and the Huerta government is the de facto government still. It might, however, by creating a general feeling against Americans among the Constitutionalists, result in a series of reprisals, which would lead to armed intervention. Intervention is the last thing the President expects at this time, but drastic action can be taken by this government with little or no preparation needed, for the first steps at least.

The refuge afforded Daniel and Evaristo to Madero, unless of the late President of Mexico, by Admiral Fletcher, was in response to instructions sent Thursday night by President Wilson to his envoy in Vera Cruz, John Lind. It is in keeping with the well-established policy of the

MINISTER OF WAR BLANQUET OVERSHADOWS HUERTA



GEN. BLANQUET

Chief of the Mexican Army and Minister of War, who is said to be the man most feared by Provisional President Huerta, receives the hearty endorsement of the rank and file of the army, and should he carry out his rumored intention of ousting Huerta, the entire Federal army would be at his back.

administration to assist to safety any Mexican political refugees who seem to be subjects of persecution by the Huerta government.

Joint action of Gov. Lina, Admiral Fletcher, and United States Consul Canada, in ignoring the demands made by Gen. Maza for the persons of the Madero brothers, receives the hearty endorsement of their respective superiors, therefore.

No indication of any loss of optimism on the part of President Wilson and his advisers was apparent here yesterday. The President still feels that the Huerta regime is crumbling slowly before the concerted attitude of the powers. It was insisted yesterday that no sign of impatience has been shown by any European government, whose interests in Mexico are concerned.

LORD COWDRAY ATTACKS

PIERCE DEFENDING HIS

OPERATIONS IN MEXICO

London, Nov. 21.—Lord Cowdray today gave the following statement outlining his aims and policy in Mexico:

"Some years ago a man who had had a lifetime monopoly of the oil business in Mexico became exasperated because we committed the unpardonable offense of entering the Mexican field. He put every obstacle possible in our way to retard the progress of our work. Our efforts were thwarted in every direction."

"Malicious rumors were spread about our financial intentions. Unscrupulous journalists were employed to circulate broadcast lying reports, with perhaps the slightest substratum of truth, inserted about our ambitions in Mexico. We were represented as aspiring not only to a monopoly of the oil industry in Mexico, but as political grafters of the worst type."

Says Pierce Made Mistake.

"Mr. Pierce is a clever man of business, but he failed to realize that whereas half of his entire business profits lay in Mexico, our operations there represented but some 5 per cent of our business, and that if he hurt us he hurt himself ten times as much. He took some time to discover this."

"I have gone into this because the campaign then waged was the basis of the attacks recently made upon my firm throughout the United States. The lies told then are the lies told now. Let me make our side clear."

"Producing oil in Mexico is not like producing oil in California. There are limited local markets and consumers only there are not any pipe lines available to buyers."

"One has to clear forests, build roads, bridges, dig ditches, erect buildings for workers, light, establish telegraphic and telephonic communications and overcome thousands of obstacles presenting themselves in a country of this kind."

No Monopoly, He Claims.

"We commenced this work in 1900. It was only in 1904 that any real output began. We sunk millions of pounds—not dollars—in Mexico, but in pioneer work of this kind it is necessary to make sure of rights of way, and also to have government assistance in various ways. The only concessions we asked or sought were granted to us by Diaz. These gave us working facilities, certain freedom from taxation and exclusive rights to build on any land the government may have in certain States. They do not give us a monopoly."

"The rumors that these concessions of ours were canceled by Madero are false. We were on the best of terms with Madero and entered into a government contract under his regime. We had absolutely nothing to do with his accession or downfall. We are in business, not politics. During the whole time we have been in Mexico we have not mixed in politics either directly or indirectly in any way, kind, or degree."

"All I have said of Mexico applies to Colombia. The limit of our desires is to be allowed to develop along legitimate lines without hindrance."

HUERTA SAYS AT

UNCLE SAM'S AT

ANGLO-JAP ALLIANCE

Paris, Nov. 21.—"Do you want to know what Huerta thinks of Americans and the United States?" asks this week's illustration, and then answers the question by reporting the following speech, made by the dictator at a banquet given in his honor in Mexico City:

"I don't fear the gringos," cried Huerta. "No Mexican fears them. But for the reason of President Santa Ana, who sold himself to the Americans in 1847, we should have beaten the Yankees then as surely as we will beat them the next time."

"We Mexicans defeated the Spaniards, French, Austrians, Italians, and all the other adventurers who followed after Maximilian. As a matter of fact, only two nations take the side of our old Aztec people. These are England and Japan."

"The United States is an oil pot of peoples, and one of these days England, Japan, and Mexico will march on her, and there will be the end of the United States."

Spanish Fleet Shells Tribesmen.

Gibraltar, Nov. 21.—A Spanish fleet at Alhucemas, Morocco, today shelled a camp of hostile natives, driving them into the mountains with heavy loss.

The highest determined point in Florida is Mount Pleasant, with an elevation of 361 feet above sea level. The approximate average elevation of the State is 100 feet above the sea.

PLANS FOR RECEPTION TO SUPT. DAVIDSON

Will Be Held at Wilson Normal School in December and Will Not Be Public.

Dr. William M. Davidson, Superintendent of Schools, will be given a testimonial reception by officials, teachers, and employees of the public schools early in December. In accordance with the expressed wish of Dr. Davidson, it will not be a public affair.

At a meeting of officials and superintendents at the Franklin Building yesterday it was decided to hold the reception at Wilson Normal School. Henry P. Blais, President of the Board of Education, will preside, and addresses will be made by Capt. James F. Oyster, former President of the Board of Education; A. T. Stuart, former Superintendent of Schools, and Dr. Davidson.

Dr. Davidson will be given a set of resolutions expressing the regard and esteem of the school officials and teachers of the Capital.

MAN CLIMBS TO AVOID ARREST.

F. H. Beach Caught by Police Near

Roof of Theater.

Frank H. Beach, twenty-two years old, giving his address as 1218 Sixth Street Northwest, was arrested at the National Theater last night by Policeman G. H. Moran, of the First Precinct. Moran was walking in the alley-way leading from the street to the stage door when he noticed a young man climb up a telephone pole. "Come down from there," demanded the policeman. Instead Beach climbed higher.

Moran went up through the theater, and with the assistance of several stage hands, located Beach in between the roof and the ceiling. Upon being locked up the police found Beach has a "record," having served a term or so in jail.

TOP OF MOUNTAIN

IS TO BE SCALPED

Only Way to Get at Mine Fire Which

Has Been Burning for

Nine Years.

Shamokin, Pa., Nov. 21.—A corps of Reading Coal and Iron Company engineers are staking out a plan on a mountain for stripmines at the Enterprise colliery as a method of getting at a fire which has been raging for nine years and has entailed a loss of several million dollars.

The fire broke out in the slope workings, and despite repeated efforts of officials, who have had the assistance and advice of some of the most able mining men in the region, the flames were never conquered. The mines were flooded through boreholes immediately after the fire started, but the flames worked their way above the water level. Recently the water from the workings began to break through into the Alaska Colliery's lower workings, and the Reading Coal and Iron Company, which leases to the Enterprise, ordered that the flooding of the workings be stopped in order to protect the Alaska.

The order was complied with, and since then mining men have been devising plans to get at the Enterprise fire.

Following a conference, it was decided to strip the surface from over the veins a fire. It is understood that a contract will be let in a few days.

MIDDLEMEN NEEDED, HE SAYS

Entitled to Fair Profits, Declares

President W. W. Finley.

"I believe that it will continue to be necessary to have buyers and sellers between the producer and the consumer, and that they are entitled to fair profits," said President W. W. Finley, of the Southern Railway, in an address on the "Marketing and Distribution of Fruit" before the American Pomological Society and the Eastern Fruit Growers' Association at a meeting in the New National Museum yesterday.

"It is unquestionably true, I think," he continued, "that there has been an unnecessary multiplication of middlemen in some lines of business, and that a large part of the difference between the price paid by the consumer and that received by the producer may be attributed to unnecessary expense in retail methods."

At the afternoon session the officers were re-elected, as follows: L. A. Goodman, Kansas City, Mo., president; G. L. Taber, Glen St. Mary, Fla., vice president; L. R. Taft, Kansas City, Mo., secretary; E. R. Lake, Washington, secretary, and W. R. Lazenby, Columbus, Ohio, chairman of the executive committee.

DISTRESS IN BALKANS.

Appeal Is Made to Aid War-Stricken

People.

Special Cable to The Washington Herald. London, Nov. 21.—Numerous distress appeals in the Balkans as winter opens. In an appeal for funds issued by the British Red Cross Society, attention is called to the "mass of misery and distress which the deplorable wars in the Balkans have created among the non-combatant population, spreading from the Adriatic to the Black Sea. Villages have been burnt down, crops trampled underfoot and homes and churches wrecked. The people are without food and clothing."

The British Red Cross fund has, among other relief work, relieved 50,000 refugees in Asia Minor; opened a soup kitchen in Constantinople, feeding 1,000 people daily for several months, and distributed \$2,000,000 of food and clothing for several weeks among the sufferers at Adrianople after the fall of that city into Bulgarian hands.

AMERICANS TO AID CARRANZA.

Lee Christmas Enlists Band at Chi-

cago—Plenty of Money.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 21.—Gen. Lee Christmas, soldier of fortune, has just completed a successful recruiting campaign here in behalf of Gen. Carranza, head of the Constitutional forces of Mexico. He left for the border last night with some of his recruits, and the others followed him today, nineteen in all, it is said.

Christmas was liberally supplied with money. He promised pay from \$200 to \$500 a month, according to the experience and abilities of the men enlisted, and bound his recruits by payments of \$200 and \$300. Two of the recruits will receive maximum salaries as expert telegraphers, and all have had some experience in warfare.

Funds for the recruiting campaign are said to have come from American capitalists whose important interests in Mexico have suffered severely from the disturbances of the last three years. Among the recruits it was reported that the capitalists subscribed \$2,000,000 to the Carranza war chest.

Crash Into Dismantled Car.

Bellair, Ohio, Nov. 21.—A car carrying twelve miners collided with a haulage 250 pounds of dynamite 400 feet from the entrance of the Pull-hill mine, near here, this morning. Both cars left the rails. All of the men were injured, but fatally, it is believed. They were foreigners.

The dynamite did not explode. It had the twelve men would have been killed outright.

MATRONS BEST SCHOOLMA'AMS.

Educator Scores Gotham Board for Forcing Mothers Out.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 21.—Matrons make the best possible teachers for the young, according to Prof. Earl Barnes, who lectured before the Missouri University Extension Center here today.

"The present-day educational system puts a premium on the greatest sin in the world, selfishness," said Prof. Barnes. "Particularly is it wrong to insist that only unmarried women be allowed to teach in public schools."

"What better teachers could be found for children than the mothers of the women coming from a congenial home into the schoolroom?"

No greater insult ever was given to American womanhood than the act of the New York City Board of Education in asking the resignation of a married teacher who had requested leave of absence that she might become a mother.

COMMITTEE WILL AID

JUVENILE COURT WORK

Catholic, Protestant, and Jewish

Churches Have Representa-

tives on Body.

Judge J. Wilmer Latimer is to have the aid of representatives of Catholic, Protestant and Jewish Churches in deciding questions of general legislation pertaining to the Juvenile Court. A Juvenile Court committee was organized yesterday at the office of Henry H. F. Macfarland.

Dr. Abram Simon, pastor of Eighth Street Temple; Mr. William T. Russell, pastor of St. Patrick's Church; and Mrs. Wallace Radcliffe, wife of the pastor of New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, were among those present at the meeting, which was held at the request of Judge Latimer.

In telling what he wanted, Judge Latimer explained conditions at the court and dwelt on the necessity for a new building. He said that he needed help in obtaining revision of some laws, in order to bring regulations regarding children up to date.

Mr. Macfarland was made chairman of the temporary committee, which consists of Mr. Russell, Mrs. Radcliffe, Dr. Simon, Judge Latimer, Mrs. C. W. Richardson, Dr. C. W. Childs, Charles D. Weston, William H. Baldwin, Dr. A. J. McKelway, and Mrs. Olney.

PEARY REPLIES TO DR. COOK.

Denies He Stole Provisions, and Says

He Had Proof.

Sanborn Harbor, Mich., Nov. 21.—Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary, of north pole fame, today broke the silence he has maintained for nearly three years regarding the pole controversy with Dr. Frederick A. Cook, and, through local counsel, issued a letter in reply to the sensational charges which Cook made against him this week during a lecture.

In his reply Peary says that reference to any encyclopedia or atlas will establish his polar status. He points to the gold medal which the Royal Geographical Society, of London, conferred upon him, and quotes President Darwin, of that society, who said:

"I give you this medal because you are the first man to lead a party to a pole of the earth."

Then Peary takes up one of Cook's most serious charges—that he stole Cook's supplies at Etah. Peary admits finding Cook's supplies at Etah in August, 1906, but quotes official records to show that he handed a man to guard the supplies and await Cook's return. In April, 1906, Cook appeared, says Peary, found his supplies guarded, by two of Peary's party, and he not only took his own supplies, but was given some of Peary's, for which he gave a receipt. This receipt, says Peary, is now in the hands of a responsible party.

TOT STARVED; PARENTS JAILED.

Judge Says He Could Only Imprison

Them for Year.

Jersey City, N.J., Nov. 21.—Joseph and Annie Holland, who let their baby die of starvation, in 1911 while they drank, were sentenced to one year in the penitentiary. Their two older children were given to the Board of Children's Guardians.

"I am sorry I cannot impose a more severe sentence," said Judge Judge Warren. "If I had my way I would treat you as you treated your baby and leave you to starve."

Indiana Society Meets.

The regular meeting of the Indiana Society was held last evening at the Constable Studio, 123 F Street Northwest. The program was as follows: Piano solo, Miss Charlotte Klein; monologue, Miss Mary Jones; vocal solo, Mrs. Daisy Lambert St. Clair; address, Rev. Earl Wilbur, and vocal solo, Irwin A. Cosgrove.

The Return of

Blood Eruptions

No Reason Why Anyone

Should Suffer Such Dis-

heartening Experience.

No case of poisoned blood is ever cured until the last destructive germ has been eliminated from the system. And the only remedy that is assimilated by the tissues and stimulates cellular activity to overcome harmful germs is the famous S. S. S.

A few doses of this powerful activator in the cellular tissue of the body as soon show decided changes in the skin. The skin is just a few structures of blood vessels, and the specific action of S. S. S. is declared by eminent authorities to be a pronounced stimulation of the activity of these cells. It is the only remedy that in a surprisingly short time even the worst skin eruption shows a most remarkable change; it begins to dry up; the skin peels off in thin scales, and a layer of clear, healthy and firm tissue results.

The reason for this is in the peculiar stimulation of S. S. S. which enables the organism to select from the blood the nutriment it requires for regeneration. Not only this, but if from the presence of some disturbing poison there is a local or general interference of nutrition to cause boils, carbuncles, abscesses and kindred troubles, S. S. S. so directs the local cells that this poison is reduced and eliminated from their presence.

This fact has been demonstrated in cases of severe skin eruption that had seemed to be incurable.

You can obtain S. S. S. at any well-stocked drug store, if you insist upon it, but be sure you are not talked into purchasing one claimed to be "just as good."

S. S. S. is prepared by The Swift Specific Co., 115 West Side, Atlanta, Ga.

CASINO

F and 7th

MATINEES SUNDAY CONCERTS EVENINGS

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ALL SEATS, 10c AT USUAL PRICES 10 and 20 cents

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Theresa THAT JOLLY GIRL
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The Other Will Be Announced
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Sunday 3 to 10:30 CONTINUOUS CONCERT
Monday 8 P. M. Vocal--Instrumental--Specialties

Tuesday 8 COUNTRY STORES
and 10 P. M. Valuable Prizes and Fun

Wed. 8 and COUNTRY STORES
10 P. M. Comical Situations With Prizes

Thursday 8 DANCING CONTESTS
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Friday 8 P. M. Amateur Carnival
Be a Judge of Home Talent

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